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10/616,310	07/07/2003	Hagai Aronowitz	ITL.194IUS (P16791)	1859	
47795 7590 060572008 TROP, PRUNER & HU, P.C. 1616 S. VOSS RD., SITE 750			EXAM	EXAMINER	
			JACKSON, JAKIEDA R		
HOUSTON, TX 77057-2631			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
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			06/05/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Application No. Applicant(s) 10/616,310 ARONOWITZ, HAGAI Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit JAKIEDA R. JACKSON 2626 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 3/13/08. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1.3.4.7.15.17.18.24.26.27.37.39.41-43.51 and 53 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1,3,4,7,15,17,18,24,26,27,37,39,41-43,51 and 53 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsparson's Catent Drawing Review (CTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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#### DETAILED ACTION

### Response to Amendment

 In response to the Office Action mailed December 13, 2007, applicant submitted an amendment filed on March 13, 2008, in which the applicant amended and requested reconsideration.

### Response to Arguments

2. Applicant argues that none of the references cited teach the extension of at least one of the first and second arcs such that the two arcs are directly connected at a different frame. Further, Applicant argues that the cited art fails to teach or suggest that a global score is based on a first score and a third score, where the third score itself is combined with a technique to incorporate word level language probabilities at an end of a first phoneme of a word. Applicants' arguments are persuasive but are moot in view of new grounds of rejections.

#### Claim Objections

Claims 15 and 24 are objected to because of the following informalities:

It is believed that a "third arc", should be changed to a --second arc--. None of the arguments address a "third arc" and independent claims 1 and 51 teach a --second arc-- connection.

Appropriate correction is required.

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#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claim 1, 3-4, 7, 15, 17-18, 24, 26-27, 37, 39, 41-43, 51 and 53 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wolf et al. (PGPUB 2003/0204399), hereinafter referenced as Wolf in view of Chaudhari et al. (USPN 7,031,923), hereinafter referenced as Chaudhari and in further view of Wegmann et al. (USPN 6.224.636), hereinafter referenced as Wegmann.

Regarding claim 1, Wolf discloses a method, system and article, hereinafter referenced as a method for processing a speech signal, comprising:

receiving an input speech signal (spoken queries; column 1, paragraph 0013); constructing a phoneme lattice for the input speech signal (lattice; column 2, paragraphs 0020-23 with column 4, paragraph 0055);

searching the phoneme lattice to produce a likelihood score for each potential path (likelihood of paths; column 3, paragraph 0038);

determining a processing result for the input speech signal based on the likelihood score of each potential path (likelihood scores of path; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040);

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segmenting an input speech signal into frames (word-level lattices; column 2, paragraph 0020 with column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040);

extracting acoustic features for a frame of the input speech signal (acoustic information; column 2, paragraphs 0022-0023 with column 1, paragraph 0013);

determining K-best initial phoneme paths leading to the frame based on a first score of each potential phoneme path leading to the frame (best scoring path; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040); and

calculating a second score for each of the K-best phoneme paths for the frame (confidence scores; column 2, paragraph 0021 with column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040), but does not specifically teach determining vertices and arc parameters of the phoneme lattice for the input speech signal and an extension of at least one of first and second arcs such that the two arcs are directly connected at a different frame.

Chaudhari discloses a speech recognition method (verbal verification of spoken sentence; abstract) comprising determining arc parameters of the phoneme lattice for the input speech signal (arc; column 3, lines 6-13 and column 4, lines 9-25 with column 6. lines 19-40):

wherein searching the phoneme lattice comprises:

receiving a phoneme lattice (figure 2 with phonemes; column 5, lines 11-26); traversing the phoneme lattice via potential paths (paths; column 3, lines 6-13

and column 4, lines 9-25 with column 5, line 65 - column 6, line 40);

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computing a score (score) for a traversed path based on at least one of a phoneme confusion matrix and a plurality of language models (figures 1 and 2 with column 6, line 10 -column 8, line 29); and

modifying the score for the traversed path by allowing repetition of phonemes allowing flexible endpoints for phonemes (phonemes; figure2) in a path (path) such that at least one of a first arc that ends at a first frame and a second arc that starts at a third frame is extended so that the first arc and the second arc are directly connect at a second frame (frame; column 6, lines 19-64 with column 3, line 6 - column 4, line 25), for verifying spoken words and sentences.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Wolf's method wherein it is described above, for competing decoding paths if a future utterance does not comply with the enrolled words (column 4, lines 9-25).

Wolf in view of Chaudhari discloses a speech recognition method, but does not specifically teach determining vertices.

Wegmann discloses a method of determining vertices (column 8, line 36 - column 9, line 65), to construct a recognition hypothesis.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Wolf in view of Chaudhari's method wherein it generates vertices, as taught by Wegmann, such that the recognition hypothesis corresponds to a path through the lattice (Column 8, lines 36-50).

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Regarding claims 3, 17, 39 and 53, it is interpreted and rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claim 1. In addition Wolf discloses a method further comprising:

clustering together K-best initial phoneme paths for at least one consecutive frame (single best scoring path; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040); and

selecting M-best refined phoneme paths among the clustered phoneme paths based on second scores of these paths (best scoring path; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040).

Regarding claims 4, 18 and 26, Wolf discloses a method wherein the first score and the second score comprise a score based on phoneme acoustic models and language models (model; column 2, paragraph 0024 with column 4, paragraphs 0051-0055).

Regarding claims 7 and 43, Wolf discloses a method wherein determining the processing result comprises determining at least one of the following: at least one candidate textual representation of the input speech signal and a likelihood that the input speech signal contains targeted keywords (text transcript; column 1, paragraph 0006).

Regarding claims 15 and 51, it is interpreted and rejected for the same reasons as set forth in claim 1. In addition, Wolf discloses a method for distributing speech processing, comprising:

receiving an input speech signal by a client (spoken query; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040);

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constructing a phoneme lattice for the input speech signal by the client (lattice; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040 with column 4, paragraph 0040);

transmitting the phoneme lattice from the client to a server (column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040 with column 4, paragraph 0040); and

searching the phoneme lattice to produce a result for the input speech signal for the purpose of at least one of recognizing speech and spotting keywords, in the input speech signal (speech recognition; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040 with column 4, paragraph 0040).

Regarding claims 24, it is interpreted and rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 15. In addition, Wolf discloses a speech processing system comprising: a plurality of models for lattice construction (column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040 and column 4, paragraph 0055); and

a plurality of models for lattice search (column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040 and column 4, paragraph 0055).

Regarding claim 27, it is interpreted and rejected for the same reasons as set forth in the combination of claims 21 and 24.

Regarding claim 37, Wolf discloses an article, comprising a machine accessible medium having content stored thereon, wherein when the content is accessed by a processor, the content provides for processing a speech signal (executed in a computer; paragraph 0053):

receiving an input speech signal (spoken queries; column 1, paragraph 0013);

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constructing a phoneme lattice for the input speech signal (lattice; column 2, paragraphs 0020-23 with column 4, paragraph 0055);

searching the phoneme lattice to produce a likelihood score for each potential path (likelihood of paths; column 3, paragraph 0038);

determining a processing result for the input speech signal based on the likelihood score of each potential path (likelihood scores of path; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040);

segmenting an input speech signal into frames (word-level lattices; column 2, paragraph 0020 with column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040);

extracting acoustic features for a frame of the input speech signal (acoustic information; column 2, paragraphs 0022-0023 with column 1, paragraph 0013);

determining K-best initial phoneme paths leading to the frame based on a first score of each potential phoneme path leading to the frame (best scoring path; column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040); and

calculating a second score for each of the K-best phoneme paths for the frame (confidence scores; column 2, paragraph 0021 with column 3, paragraphs 0033-0040), but does not specifically teach determining vertices and arc parameters of the phoneme lattice for the input speech signal and calculating a second score for each of the K-best phoneme paths for the frame, the second score corresponding to a global score based on the first score and a third score combined for each of the K-best phoneme paths for the frame, wherein the third score is combined with a technique to incorporate word-level language probabilities at an end of a first phoneme of a word..

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Chaudhari discloses a speech recognition method (verbal verification of spoken sentence; abstract) comprising calculating a second score for each of the K-best phoneme paths for the frame, the second score corresponding to a global score based on the first score and a third score combined for each of the K-best phoneme paths (best path) for the frame, wherein the third score (score) is combined with a technique to incorporate word-level language probabilities at an end of a first phoneme (phoneme) of a word (column 5, line 11 – column 8, line 29), for verifying spoken words and sentences.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Wolf's method wherein it is described above, for competing decoding paths if a future utterance does not comply with the enrolled words (column 4, lines 9-25).

Wolf in view of Chaudhari discloses a speech recognition method, but does not specifically teach determining vertices.

Wegmann discloses a method of determining vertices (column 8, line 36 - column 9, line 65), to construct a recognition hypothesis.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Wolf in view of Chaudhari's method wherein it generates vertices, as taught by Wegmann, such that the recognition hypothesis corresponds to a path through the lattice (Column 8, lines 36-50).

Regarding claims 41-42, it is interpreted and rejected for the same reason as set forth in claim 1

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#### Conclusion

 Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the
examiner should be directed to JAKIEDA R. JACKSON whose telephone number is
(571)272-7619. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from
5:30am-2:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Hudspeth can be reached on 571-272-7843. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

JRJ June 4, 2008

/David R Hudspeth/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2626